## Alfred Ulmer is tied to British Royals through Austria Greece and the Cold War and Indonesia

According to Col Fletcher Prouty (Vice President Nixon 1958 Indonesia the Secret War and Alfred Ulmer as direct sources and a growing number of historians and biographers the CIA plans for Indonesia were part of MK-Ultra and included the Obama Family as backed by the CIA for generations.

## The Two Coat Tails of a Corrupt Politician

A corrupt politician may be said to have two coat tails.

The first coat tail is the visible and respectable one - the legitimate allies and cronies who publicly support the politician's platform, contribute to campaigns, and help propel the politician upward in the official hierarchy. They attach themselves to the politician's rise, expecting to ascend with him in power, prestige, or reward.

The second coat tail, however, is the hidden one - the covert network of enforcers and operatives who operate in the shadows. These are the figures who engage in intimidation, dirty tricks, and the silencing of whistle-blowers or critics who might expose corruption. They provide the politician's dark lift: the illicit machinery that protects his power by undermining truth.

### Watergate Usage

The first coat tail was William Randolph Hearst son of George Hearst who backed Nixon in global plans until finally as Nixon was impeached Hearst finally withdrew his support.

This second coat tail recalls the operations of CREEP, the Committee to Re-Elect the President under Richard Nixon, whose activities in Watergate exemplified how the machinery of political preservation can blur into criminal conspiracy.

> "A corrupt politician has two coat tails - one sewn from ambition and patronage, the other from fear and deceit. The first lifts him up; the second drags democracy down."

### The Ed Donegan and Col. Prouty assertions are that both of these coat-tails are long and intertwined around the world in the history of presidencies

Ed Donegan asserts (as did John Pilger) that the CIA created the entire Barrack Obama Jr. phenomenon. This CIA plan included George H.W. Bush, Marilyn Monroe in Project Harpstar, and Richard Nixon who headed the National Security Council under Eisenhower and had been in Marshal Plan activities with Allen Dulles while in the US Congress.

Nixon is most likely a national version of Chicago's Al Capone or close to him. Alphonse Gabriel "Scarface" Capone was a notorious American gangster and businessman who ruled Chicago's underworld from 1925 to 1931. Now Capone never was Mayor but in a similar way Nixon was able to insulate himself from criminal conduct he organized as CIA activities illegal outsdie the USA and illegal inside the USA occuring in both jurisdictions.

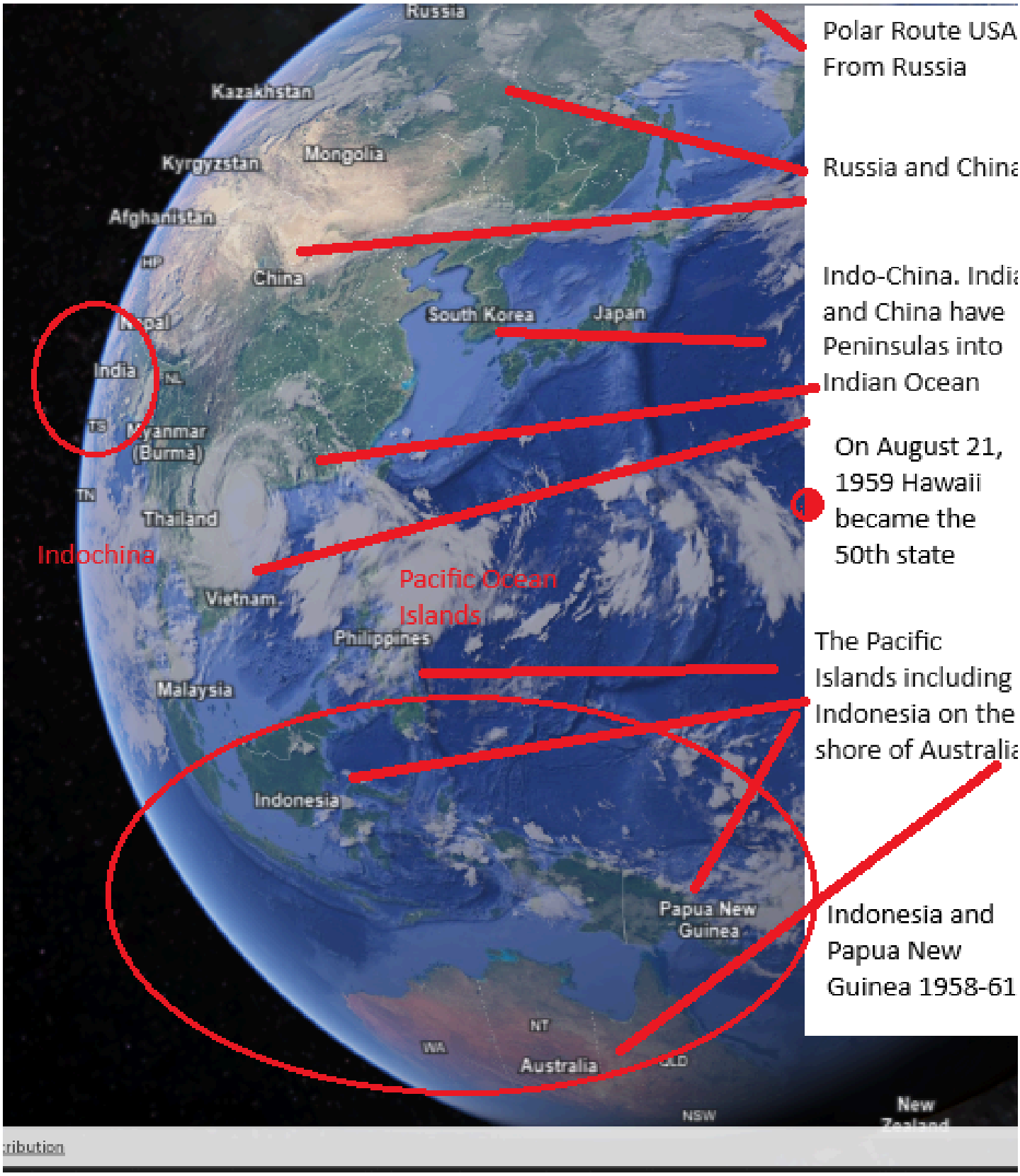
Under Vice President Nixon illegal foreign policy was conducted and kept secret from officials inside the Executive Branch itself and masked by the veil intermediates like Zapata Offshore Petroleum. This led into the assassination of JFK and disputes between the Boston Brahim and Irish Roman Catholic immigrant families like the Kennedy's and Donegan's.

Following the Indonesia activities, the assasintion of POTUS rival JFK and assasination of POTUS rival RFK Nixon became President of the USA and UAL 553 crashed at the time of Watergate prosecutions. Break-ins to the Watergate building were part of cover-ups and monitoring of the Democrat opposition and opposition files.

Eventually Nixon was impeached largely on the issue of deleting I think it was thirteen seconds from a white-house phone recording system much like the accounting violations Al Capone was finally imprisoned over.

While Nixon escaped criminal liabilities more is being found out about Nixon's hand in these matters and his minions including George H.W. Bush, LBJ, Allen Dulles, Earl Cabell, General Lansdale, and others.

## The Bamboo Curtain




THE SECRET TEAM: THE CIAAND ITS ALLIES IN CONTROL OF THE UNITED STATES AND THE WORLD - General Donovan, the Dulles brothers, and many others, including Clark Clifford, preached the doctrine of containment. Even in those days they saw the Soviet danger as a military threat against the United States. How could they support that openly? Even George F. Kennan, then in Moscow, warned of the Soviet danger; but the great distinction was that he saw Russia as a political threat; and the threat that he saw was, more correctly, that the Marxists expected that the United States would crumble

in spite of itself. Their threat was not so much what Communism would do to us as what they expected we would do to ourselves. In other words, the Marxists felt that all they had to do was maintain the political pressure, and we would crumble under the weight of our own weaknesses.

Then, behind the curtain of secrecy, the Donovan, Dulles, and Clifford element began to win the day. No longer did the President stand behind his Secretary of State on that declaration that "we shall do nothing to divide the world into blocs." But now he listened to the counsels of the frightened and the weak as they rigged first the Iron Curtain, then the Truman Doctrine, with its shield over NATO, Greece and Turkey, on to the Northern Tier, and then to the Bamboo Curtain. By the end of 1947 the entire military establishment of this great country was technically, semantically, and philosophically reduced to an uncertain and cowering defensive posture. From this position it became dependent upon the eyes and ears and mentality of the intelligence community to tell it what was going on in the rest of the world and where the next threat was coming from. From that day to this, this country has been engaged in the most massive war of attrition ever fought.

All of these pressures-and they were great pressures at that crucial time-played a major part in the decision to create the Central Intelligence Agency and in the behind-the-scenes battles that were incidental to the passage of the law. By the time the lines had hardened, few would deny the necessity for central coordinated intelligence, and nearly everyone was convinced that the quality of national intelligence must be improved. However, as strongly as these measures were supported, the majority also denied the proposals that would have given the Intelligence Authority its own clandestine branch and the means to support such activities. General Donovan, Allen Dulles, and others took to the rostrum and spoke publicly and privately of the need, as they saw it, for an agency with special "operations" powers. To confirm this need and to inflame the public with this issue, the supporters of the clandestine operations proposition became the greatest firebrands of the anti-Communism theme. It was this same group that picked up the banner hurled by Winston Churchill and that saw Communists under every rock. It was during these crucial days that the opposition, no matter who the opposition was, was painted pink or red with the label of Communist. A beginning of this form of public and political blackmail was made during these debates, and it reached its zenith less than a decade later in the infamous days of Senator Joseph McCarthy.

In the quarter-century that has followed this debate, this country and the world have become somewhat accustomed to the polemics of this terrible issue. What began perhaps as an honest effort to alert this country to the fact that the Soviet Government did in fact have the potential to unleash the secrets of the atom and thus to build atomic bombs, gradually became a powerful tool in the hands of the irresponsible and the agitators. All opposition for whatever reason was branded as Communist or pro-Communist. Gradually, this dogma of anti-Communism was extended into the entire world, and by the time of the publication of the Truman Doctrine, the entire world had been divided into Communist and anti-Communist along the lines of the Iron Curtain, the Northern Tier, and the Bamboo Curtain. Once these Lines had been drawn, it remained only for time to run its course and for the Soviet Union to follow natural growth and scientific achievement to obtain not only the atomic bomb, but the hydrogen bomb and then the intercontinental ballistic missile. As many have said, these decisions and pressures, which first appeared during the years immediately following the end of World War II, have contained some of the most serious and grievous mistakes of this quarter-century. Certainly this blind anti-Communism can be listed as one of the most costly, especially when reviewed in terms of the waste and senselessness of the action in Indochina. - THE SECRET TEAM: THE CIAAND ITS ALLIES IN CONTROL OF THE UNITED STATES AND THE WORLD

**Russ Baker**

Russ Baker is an investigative journalist. His work has been published in the *New Yorker*, *Vanity Fair*, *The New York Times*, *The Nation*, *The Los Angeles Times*, *The Washington Post*, *The Village Voice* and *Esquire*.

Baker has served as a contributing editor to the *Columbia Journalism Review* and his reporting on the military record of George W. Bush received a 2005 Deadline Club award.

According to his own website: "Russ Baker is an old-fashioned muckraking journalist and pamphleteer using the newest technologies. In his reporting and writing he brings the best of mainstream methods (balance and rigor) to the alternative media, and the best of the alternative media (passion for the truth and the larger story) to the mainstream. He focuses on getting

past the rhetoric to expose the hidden levers and machinations that shape our world. Baker's investigative reporting, analysis pieces, features, and essays on politics, power, and perceptions have appeared in many of the world's finest publications."

Russ Baker is the founder of the Real News Project, a nonpartisan nonprofit investigative news organization. Other writers involved in the project include: Mark Dowie, Robert Dreyfuss, Daniel Ellsberg, Margaret Engel, Todd Gitlin, Mark Hertsgaard, Robert W. McChesney, Morton Mintz, Frances Moore Lappe, Jonathan Rowe, Cody Shearer and Steve Weinberg.

**Spartacus Educational**

In September, 1997, Spartacus Educational founder and managing director John Simkin became the first educational publisher in Britain to establish a website that was willing to provide teachers and students with free educational materials.

According to a survey carried out by the Fischer Trust, Spartacus Educational is one of the top three websites used by history teachers and students in Britain (the other two are BBC History and the Public Record Office's Learning Curve). The Spartacus Educational website currently gets up to 7 million page impressions a month and 3 million unique visitors.https://spartacus-educational.com/

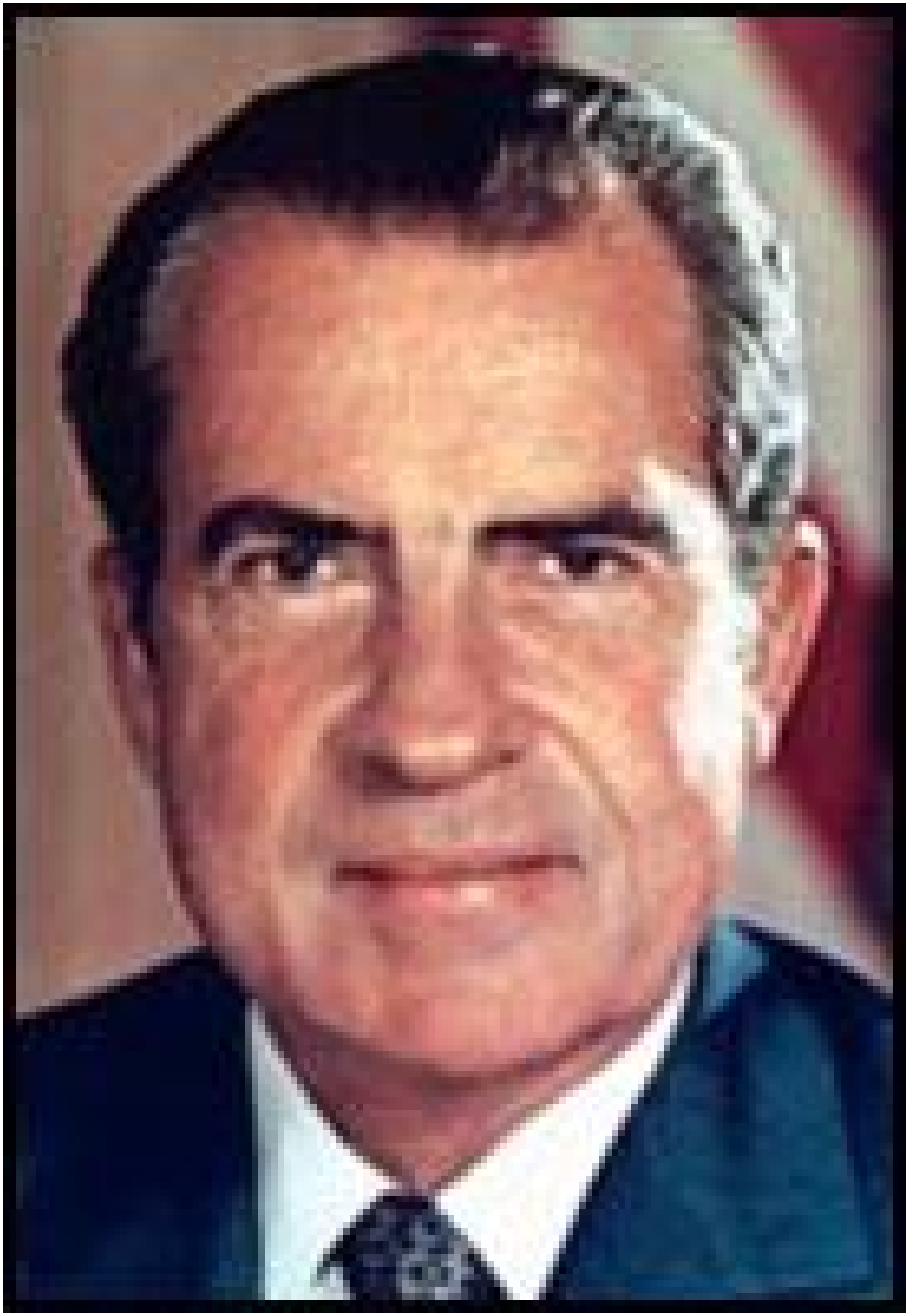
> In WW II he was part of the Pacific War as LBJ was. Nixon and LBJ knew not having to win the Pacific and its islands again was vital to the lives of Allied forces and the safety of Australia. He was an Anti-Communist from Los Angeles backed for the Vice Presidency by William Randolph Hearst. JFK defeated Nixon in November 1960 for the Presidency. It is believed now the CIA teams of the 1950's run by Nixon assassinated JFK over policy differences. Hiding this later led to the in flight destruction of UAL 553 and later TWA 800 each flight containing persons who "knew too much" revolving around MK-Ultra and Hearst, Nixon, Monroe and otehrs.

Nixon joined the United States Navy in August, 1942. Given the rank of lieutenant he was sent to the Pacific as an operations officer with the South Pacific Combat Air Transport Command. He left the Navy in January 1946 when the Republican Party in Whittier asked him to run for Congress.

After the assassination of President John F. Kennedy, CIA agent, Gary Underhill told his friend, Charlene Fitsimmons, that he was convinced that he had been killed by members of the CIA. He also said: "Oswald is a patsy. They set him up. It's too much. The bastards have done something outrageous. They've killed the President! I've been listening and hearing things. I couldn't believe they'd get away with it, but they did!"

Underhill believed there was a connection between Executive Action, Fidel Castro and the death of Kennedy: "They tried it in Cuba and they couldn't get away with it. Right after the Bay of Pigs. But Kennedy wouldn't let them do it. And now he'd gotten wind of this and he was really going to blow the whistle on them. And they killed him!"

Executive Action, was a CIA secret plan to remove unfriendly foreign leaders from power. In his book*The Secret Team* (1973) Leroy Fletcher Prouty claimed that elements of the CIA were worked on behalf of the interests of a "high cabal" of industrialists and bankers. He also claimed that the Executive Action unit could have been used to kill Kennedy. Prouty named CIA operative, Edward Lansdale, as the leader of the operation.



Everette Howard Hunt was born in Hamburg, on 9th October, 1918. During the Second World War Hunt served in the Office of Strategic Services. After the war he joined the Central Intelligence Agency (CIA) and for a while was stationed in China. While there he met and married Dorothy Wetzel.

In 1949 Hunt establish the first postwar CIA station in Mexico City. He also worked closely with President Anastasio Somoza of Nicaragua.

(1950) Hunt was involved in clandestine operations in Guatemala against President Jacobo Arbenz. The plot against Arbenz became part of Executive Action (a plan to remove unfriendly foreign leaders from power).

Tracy Barnes was eventually placed in charge of what became known as Operation Success. David Atlee Phillips was appointed to run the propaganda campaign against Arbenz's government. According to Phillips he initially questioned the right of the CIA to interfere in Guatemala: In his autobiography Phillips claims he said to Barnes: "But Arbenz became President in a free election. What right do we have to help someone topple his government and throw him out of office?" However, Barnes convinced him that it was vital important that the Soviets did not establish a "beachhead in Central America".

The CIA propaganda campaign included the distribution of 100,000 copies of a pamphlet entitled Chronology of Communism in Guatemala. They also produced three films on Guatemala for showing free in cinemas. David Atlee Phillips, along with Hunt, was responsible for running the CIA's Voice of Liberation radio station. Faked photographs were distributed that claimed to show the mutilated bodies of opponents of Arbenz. William (Rip) Robertson was also involved in the campaign against Arbenz.

The CIA began providing financial and logistic support for Colonel Carlos Castillo. With the help of resident Anastasio Somoza, Castillo had formed a rebel army in Nicaragua. It has been estimated that between January and June, 1954, the CIA spent about $20 million on Castillo's army.

On 18th June 1954 aircraft dropped leaflets over Guatemala demanding that Arbenz resign immediately or else the county would be bombed. CIA's Voice of Liberation also put out similar radio broadcasts. This was followed by a week of bombing ports, ammunition dumps, military barracks and the international airport.

Carlos Castillo's collection of soldiers now crossed the Honduran-Guatemalan border. His army was outnumbered by the Guatemalan Army. However, the CIA Voice of Liberation successfully convinced Arbenz's supporters that two large and heavily armed columns of invaders were moving towards Guatemala City.

The CIA was also busy bribing Arbenz's military commanders. It was later discovered that one commander accepted $60,000 to surrender his troops. Ernesto Guevara attempted to organize some civil militias but senior army officers blocked the distribution of weapons. Arbenz now believed he stood little chance of preventing Castillo gaining power. Accepting that further resistance would only bring more deaths he announced his resignation over the radio.

In 1959 Hunt visited Cuba and decided that Fidel Castro posed a serious threat to the security of the United States: "I wrote a top secret report, and I had five recommendations, one of which was the one that's always been thrown at me, is that during... or... slightly antecedent to an invasion, Castro would have to be neutralized - and we all know what that meant, although I didn't want to say so in a memorandum with my name on it." Hunt played an important role in planning the failed Bay of Pigs invasion.

Hunt was CIA station chief in Mexico during the early 1960s and was rumoured to have been involved in the conspiracy to assassinate John F. Kennedy. It was falsely claimed that he was one of the men arrested in Dallas on the day of the murder.

In 1972 Gordon Liddy joined the Committee to Re-Elect the President (CREEP). Later that year Liddy presented Nixon's attorney general, John N. Mitchell, with an action plan called Operation Gemstone. Liddy wanted a $1 million

budget to carry out a series of black ops activities against Nixon's political enemies. Mitchell decided that the budget for Operation Gemstone was too large. Instead he gave him $250,000 to launch a scaled-down version of the plan.

One of Liddy's first tasks was to place electronic devices in the Democratic Party campaign offices in an apartment block called Watergate. Liddy wanted to wiretap the conversations of Larry O'Brien, chairman of the Democratic National Committee and R. Spencer Oliver, executive director of the Association of State Democratic Chairmen. This was not successful and on 3rd July, 1972, Frank Sturgis, Virgilio Gonzalez, Eugenio Martinez, Bernard L. Barker and James W. McCord returned to the Watergate offices. However, this time they were caught by the police.

The phone number of Howard Hunt was found in address books of two of the burglars. Reporters were able to link the break-in to the White House. Bob Woodward, a reporter working for the *Washington Post* was told by a friend who was employed by the government, that senior aides of President Richard Nixon, had paid the burglars to obtain information about its political opponents.

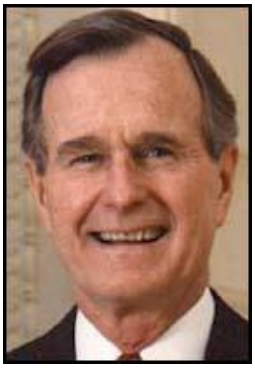
Hunt threatened to reveal details of who paid him to organize the Watergate break-in. Dorothy Hunt took part in the negotiations with Charles Colson. According to investigator Sherman Skolnick, Hunt also had information on the assassination of John F. Kennedy. He argued that if "Nixon didn't pay heavy to suppress the documents they had showing he was implicated in the planning and carrying out, by the FBI and the CIA, of the political murder of President Kennedy." Sherman Skolnick also asserted UAL 553 was downed to kill whistle-blower Dorothy Hunt and Nixon operatives were involved.

James W. McCord claimed that Dorothy Hunt told him that at a meeting with her husband's attorney, William O. Buttmann, she revealed that Hunt had information that would "blow the White House out of the water".

In October, 1972, Dorothy attempted to speak to Charles Colson. He refused to talk to her but later admitted to the *New York Times* that she was "upset at the interruption of payments from Nixon's associates to Watergate defendants."

The following draws heavily from Russ Baker and his book Family of Secrets which is also covered on Spartacus Educational.

### George H.W. Bush



George Herbert Walker Bush, the son of Prescott Bush, a senator from Connecticut, was born in Milton, Massachusetts, on 12th June 1924. On his 18th birthday he enlisted in the armed forces, becoming the country's youngest commissioned pilot. During the Second World War he served on 58 missions from 1942 to 1945 and was awarded the Distinguished Flying Cross.

After the war he studied economics at Yale University. In 1951 he established Bush-Overby Oil Development, an oil-drilling business in Texas. Later he joined forces with Thomas J. Devine, a former CIA officer, to create Zapata Oil. Other major investors included Prescott Bush and Bill Liedtke.

In 1954, Zapata Off-Shore Company was formed as a subsidiary of Zapata Oil, with George H. W. Bush as president of the new company. According to Bush's autobiography, Eugene Meyer, the publisher of the *Washington Post*, and his son-in-law, Philip Graham, were major investors in the new company.

Zapata Corporation split in 1959 into independent companies Zapata Petroleum and Zapata Off-Shore, headed by Bush, who moved his offices from Midland to Houston. In 1960, Bush created a new company, Perforaciones Marinas del Golfo (Permargo) with Edwin Pauley of Pan American Petroleum. Pauley is alleged to have had close ties to Allen Dulles. During the Second World War Pauley aided the Dulles brothers former clients in shifting Nazi assets out of Europe.

In 1963, Zapata Petroleum merged with South Penn Oil and other companies to become Pennzoil. In his book *Family of Secrets: The Bush Dynasty* (2009) Russ Baker argues: "For Devine, who would have been about twenty-seven years old at the time, to resign at such a young age, so soon after the CIA had spent a great deal of time and money training him, was, at minimum, highly unusual. It would turn out, however, that Devine had a special relationship allowing him to come and go from the agency, enabling him to do other things without really leaving its employ."

Thomas J. Devine later rejoined the CIA under non-official cover (NOC) status on 12th June 1963, as a covert commercial asset for Project WUBRINY/LPDICTUM. Joan Mellen points out that: "This CIA document reveals that Thomas Devine had informed George Bush of a CIA project with the cryptonym WUBRINY/LPDICTUM. It involved CIA proprietary commercial operations in foreign countries."

Mellen goes onto argue that this links George Bush to George de Mohrenschildt and Lee Harvey Oswald. "WUBRINY involved Haitian operations, in which, the documents reveal, a participant was George de Mohrenschildt, the Dallas CIA handler of - Lee Oswald." Russ Baker interviewed Devine in 2008 and he refused to say whether he was involved with WUBRINY. However, another CIA officer, Gale Allen, confirmed in another interview that Devine did take part in the project.

There is strong evidence that Bush was working for the CIA during this period. Bush also provided information to the Federal Bureau of Investigation on a proposed assassination attempt by James Parrott of John F. Kennedy. On 29th November, 1963, Bush informed J. Edgar Hoover about a conspiracy involving a group of pro-Castro Cubans in Miami. - Spartacus Educational

**Family of Secret by Russ Baker Chapter 4 Where was Poppy? [at Dealy Plaza near the Dal Tex building]**

C:\Users\eddonegan\OneDrive\Documents\AlistBooks\Book Internals\What\Bookworm.html:38: In 1963, the building was in use as a multi-floor warehouse storing school textbooks and other related materials and an order-fulfillment center by the privately owned Texas School Book Depository Company, which had moved from the first floor of the adjacent Dal-Tex Building. The company found that the upper floors had sustained oil damage from items stored there by the previous tenant, so they began to cover the floors with plywood to protect their books (stored in cardboard boxes) from the oil. Work had begun on the west side of the sixth floor just before President Kennedy's motorcade, "leaving the whole scene in disarray, with stock shifted as far as the east wall, and stacks in between piled unusually high." Lee Harvey Oswald was working as a temporary employee at the building, and fired three shots from a sixth floor window at the presidential motorcade on November 22, 1963.

C:\Users\eddonegan\OneDrive\Documents\AlistBooks\Book Internals\WrittenByTheRightHand\BradingAndBrown.html:17:

After the assassination of John F. Kennedy, Brading was arrested and taken in for interrogation because he had been “acting suspiciously” in the Dal-Tex Building, overlooking Dealey Plaza. Brading told the police he was in Dallas on oil business and had gone into the building to make a phone call. Brading was released without charge.

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Why the Dal-Tex Matters

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George H.W. Bush Coordinated the Dal-Tex Hit Team C:\Users\eddonegan\OneDrive\Documents\AlistBooks\Book Internals\WrittenByTheRightHand\CaseAgainstBush.html:120:

Deputy Sheriff Roger Craig reported to Jim Garrison he knew of twelve arrests made in Dealey Plaza that day. One, in particular, was made by R.E. Vaughn of the Dallas Police Department, was of a man coming out of the Dal-Tex Building, who said he was “an independent oil operator from Houston, Texas.” The prisoner was taken from Vaughn by Dallas Police detectives, and that was the last he saw of him: no mug shot, no interview, no fingerprints, or name is in existence of this

mystery man. “Independent oil operator from Houston” was always George Bush’s (CIA) cover. Exactly why was he arrested? Garrison reported the man came running out of the Dal-Tex building and authorities could hardly avoid arresting him because of the clamor of onlookers. He was taken to the Sheriff’s Office for questioning, although there is no record of it. Afterward, two officers escorted him out of the building to the jeers of the waiting crowd. They put him in a police car and he was driven away; presumably right back to Dealey Plaza, because that is where he would be photographed with USAF Gen. Edward Lansdale.

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Bush has handed us his head on a silver platter with this memo; that’s why he always said he didn’t remember what his was doing on 11/22/63; he was hoping this incredibly stupid memo never surfaced. Bush was worried he had been seen and subsequently panicked and stupidly called the FBI, thinking he was being clever by providing evidence that it wasn’t him that was arrested in front of the Dal-Tex building that day. It seemed like a good idea, at the time, but he was actually creating a permanent record of his involvement. The memo identifies Bush as an oil man from Houston placing a long distance call from Tyler, Texas. Bush was trying to establish he was not in Dallas during, or shortly after, the assassination. He must had been worried that someone would identify him as the oil man detained running out of the Dal-Tex building and being ushered in and out of the Dallas Sheriff’s office.

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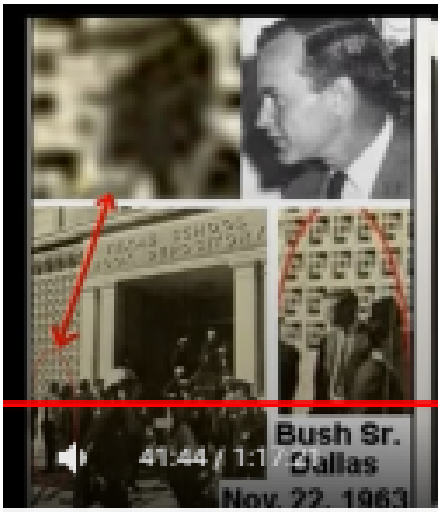
It is inconceivable that George Bush could not have recollected this event for more than 20 years.




The trick [in Barbara Bush's diary quotations] is to quickly acknowledge and gain control of the new material,mitigating the damage by redirecting it in a beneficial way. This is known intradecraft as "block and bridge." Thus it was that the first and only Bush family acknowledgment of where.

Poppy Bush was on that red-letter day came in classic form-from the wife,in the most innocuous swathing. The venue was her 1994 book, Barbara Bush: A Memoir, which was published ten months after the document's declassification. Deep in that book, mostly a compendium of narrow-gauge, self-serving recollections, there it was: not just a recollection of the assassination, but the reproduction of an actual letter written by Barbaraon the very day, at the very moment, that Kennedy was shot. The letter has plenty of details, but it omits one important personal item from that day:Poppy's call to the FBI; perhaps Poppy did not mention it to her?Barbara begins to describe that fateful day on page 59 of her memoirs

On November 22, 1963, George and I were in the middle of a several-city swing. I was getting my hair done in Tyler, Texas, working on a letter home. Here are some excerpts:

The following is how the excerpts appear in the book, ellipses and all.

Dearest Family,

Wednesday I took Doris Ulmer out for lunch. They were here from England and they had been so nice to George in Greece. That night we went to....

I am writing this at the Beauty Parlor and the radio says that the President has been shot. Oh Texas-my Texas-my God-let's hope it'snot true. I am sick at heart as we all are. Yes, the story is true and the Governor also. How hateful some people are.

Since the Beauty Parlor the President has died. We are once again on a plane. This time a commercial plane. Poppy picked me up at the beauty parlor-we went right to the airport, flew to Ft. Worth and dropped Mr. Zeppo off (we were on his plane) and flew back to Dallas.

We had to circle the field while the second presidential plane took off. Immediately Pop got tickets back to Houston and here we are flying home. We are sick at heart. The tales the radio reporters tell of Jackie Kennedy are the bravest I've ever heard. The rumors are flying about that horrid assassin. We are hoping that it is not some far right nut, buta "commie" nut. You understand that we know they are both nuts, but just hope that it is not a Texan and not an American at all.

I am amazed by the rapid-fire thinking and planning that has already been done. L.B.J. has been the president for some time now-2 hours at least and it is only 4:30.

My dearest love to you all,

- Family of Secret by Russ Baker Chapter 4 Where was Poppy?

Alfred Ulmer (1916-2000) was an OSS and CIA officer who served as chief of stations in Vienna, Madrid, Athens and Paris. As head of the Fast East Division from 1955 until 1958, he was a central player in the failed attempt to overthrow Indonesia's President Sukarno in 1958. https://intelligencehistory.substack.com/p/alfred-ulmer

https://www.facebook.com/groups/702791629733219/user/100001056894642/ (Tim Ulmer) in JFK Assassination Discussion Group https://www.facebook.com/groups/WhereWereYou112263/posts/2441600342798537 3/?comment_id=2445109483780956 Alfred Ulmer was running that op in Indonesia , with Wisner Dulles and Bush , he got sacked as head of the CIA's far east operations for that op failing , and failing badly

It is an interesting part of the story Russ Baker tells of (in Chapter 2 Poppy's Secret) Jospeh McBride came up the FBI memo about George Bush of the CIA and Captain Edwards of the DIA while in San Bernadino researching Frank Capra. Capra had directed Jimmy Stewart in Mr. Smith Goes to Washington. Jimmy Stewart was also General Jimmy Stewart B-29 Bomber US Army Air Force Pilot forever after in love with the P-51 escort fighter plane and he (Stewart) flew the movie reals of Queen Elizibeth II 1952 Innaugaruation to the USA from London. Joseph Kennedy Sr. was mixed up in this story too. San Bernadino is about 75 miles directly to the east of Inglewood, Los Angeles and Inglewood nearly on the coast fro where the P-51's at their home could (as in Jet Pilot 1957) track incoming bombers from the ocean towards Los Angeles using RADAR to interciept the bombers, the Pacific Ocean being used as a mockup of the English Channel.

**Family of Secrets by Russ Baker Chapter 4**

So the "letter home" [Barbara Bush's hair rasing letter as Russ Baker calls the evidence plant] more logically would have been to her other home, that is, to her parents living in the house she had left nearly two decades before. But that scenario really doesn't make much sense either. Her mother had died in a 1949 auto accident, and her father had remarried. Barbara was known not to be especially close to her family during a period of many years and had not attended her mother's funeral. Was "love to you all" intended for her father and stepmother? Her siblings had also long since left the nest, but perhaps she circulated correspondence among them. Besides, how did Barbara happen upon such a letter that she had purportedly written thirty years earlier? Had she kept a copy and recently discovered it? Had relatives unearthed it? Whether or not the letter was an authentic contemporaneous document, one can assume that many of the particulars of that day were in the letter because they were true and verifiable. Hence, they are of interest here.

Poppy's call to the FBI about Parrott being the potential assassin obviously did nothing to assist the FBI in any meaningful way. Perhaps the call was made out of a genuine desire to be helpful. Perhaps. But it clearly did something else: It established in government investigative files that, at the time of the assassination in Dallas, Poppy and Barbara were in Tyler, Texas. (These were things that Poppy had good reason to want established, as we'll see later.) The notion that there was more to the phone call than simple altruism and patriotism can be found in an examination of the most seemingly insipid of matters-such as Barbara Bush's lunch with Doris Ulmer.

Although there were numerous Doris Ulmers in the United States at the time, only one matches the description of an old friend who had helped Poppy when Poppy visited Greece, and who was in 1963 a resident of London: Mrs. Alfred C.

Ulmer Jr.

AI Ulmer is sometimes described as having filled the positions of "attaché" and "first secretary" at the U.S. embassy in Athens from the late forties through the midfifties. Yet a memorial tribute to him in the alumni publication of his alma mater, Princeton, scores higher on the candor meter, describing his life in the war time OSS and the CIAP Ulmer was a good friend and confidant of CIA director Allen Dulles. He embodied the attitude that nobody could tell the CIA what to do- nobody: "We went all over the world and we did what we wanted," Ulmer later recalled. "God, we had fun."U He also managed coups.

When JFK forced Dulles out of the CIA following the Bay of Pigs debacle, Ulmer left as well. He went to work for the Greek shipping magnate Stavros Niarchos. That Ulmer had not fully left the espionage racket is suggested in part by Niarchos's own long history with the CIA, which he assisted with many covert operations. U In fact, the company Ulmer ran, Niarchos London, Ltd., was itself a CIA proprietary according to author Peter Evans, who knew Niarchos personally" Niarchos would in turn be introduced into Poppy Bush's immediate circle, buying Oak Tree Farm, a prime Kentucky horse-breeding property, and leasing it to the manager of Poppy Bush's financial affairs, William Stamps Farish III.

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> Whether or not the letter was an authentic contemporaneous document [or an attention point to information helpful to a Bush cover story], one can assume that many of the particulars of that day were in the letter because they were true and verifiable. Hence, they are of interest here. -Russ Baker

The FBI tracked many affairs during JFK's brief time in offce, but then J. Edgar Hoover was no fan of the Kennedys either. And there were the Cuban exiles who blamed the failure of the Bay of Pigs invasion on President Kennedy rather than on its overseer, the CIA's Allen Dulles.

**Kennedy Hangs Tough**

Kennedy had campaigned on promises to increase the military's conventional arms budget in order to fight guerrilla wars. But he became increasingly wary of the nation's war machine, especially after the Cuban missile crisis. During those tense days, as the nation seemed to drift toward nuclear confrontation, and his military advisers pushed for a preemptive first strike against the missile sites in Cuba, Kennedy had turned to his adviser Arthur M. Schlesinger Jr. and said, "The military are mad."l He preferred a negotiated solution for getting the missiles out of Cuba, and he and Khrushchev eventually reached one. This gained them worldwide praise, but it exacerbated tensions for both men with hard-liners in their own countries.

President Kennedy was aware that the Pentagon was deeply concerned about his policies. After reading Seven Days in May, a novel about a coup by U.S. armed forces against a president seen as an appeaser, he convinced *John Frankenheimer* to make it into a movie. A JFK even offered the director a prime shooting location outside the White House-despite vociferous objections from the Pentagon. "Kennedy wanted Seven Days in May made as a warning to the generals," said Arthur Schlesinger.'

[In Robert F. Kennedy's last day he stated with John Frankenhierm. Authors like Shane O'Sullivan and Dr. Greg Poultrain attribute the Kennedy Curse to USAID plans for Indonesia as Russ Baker includes as well in Family Secrets about the Bush and LBJ CIA plans.

[Footnate 4. Fletcher Knebel and Charles W. Bailey II, Seven Days in May (New York: Harper & Row, 1962). footnete 5. Frankenheimer also directed the film adaptation of *The Manchurian Candidate*, Richard Condon's novel about a brainwashed assassin stalking a president. -Russ Baker writing in Family of Secrets

President Kennedy also alienated critics over Indochina. Historians still debate JFK's long-term plans regarding troop levels there, but he clearly worried about a looming quagmire. Here, too, the lessons of the Bay of Pigs applied: the United States could not win without the support of the local populace. Anti-Communist hawks were skeptical of Kennedy's motives. Some even issued preemptive warnings: "If Jack turns soft on communism, Time will cut his throat," said Henry Luce, the magazine's publisher, and a friend of Prescott Bush and fellow Bonesman.

- Family of Secrets by Russ Baker Chapter 4

**Alfred C. Ulmer Jr.** (August 26, 1916 - June 22, 2000) was an American intelligence officer. He was born in Jacksonville, Florida, in August 1916. He was of Swiss extraction on his father's side, his father having been born in Zurich. Ulmer graduated from Princeton University in 1939 and joined the United States Navy prior to the start of World War II, ultimately becoming a major head of intelligence operations during World War II. He married Doris Gibson Bridges and had three sons (Alfred III, James and Nicolas) and a daughter (Marguerite). He received the Intelligence Medal of Merit when he retired from his position in 1962. Ulmer then went on to business and in the 1980s joined the Swiss banking firm Lombard Odier et Cie. in Geneva, later setting up Lombard Odier's operations in Bermuda. He died on June 22, 2000, in Virginia Beach, Virginia.

## Career in intelligence

Ulmer began his career in intelligence as a major head of intelligence operations for the Navy during World War II. He then joined the Office of Strategic Services (OSS) in 1945 and oversaw operatives gathering information in Turkey, Egypt, Italy and Austria.

When the OSS was disbanded in 1945, Ulmer became head of the Strategic Services Unit (SSU) in Austria. There, Ulmer expanded his base of operations to include the whole Balkans area including such controversial places as Yugoslavia and Hungary. Although the SSU lacked the personnel to effectively carry out covert operations, Ulmer pushed for more money and was finally rewarded by a $150,000 annual budget. His glory at the SSU was short-lived, though, as the SSU was soon liquidated into the CIA by the new Central European Section chief, Richard Helms.

Ulmer was promoted to chief of the Far East division of the CIA's Directorate of Plans in 1955. At his new position Ulmer coordinated the overthrow of the president of Indonesia (Sukarno) in 1957. The main reason behind the rebellion was to rid Indonesia of its growing Communist Party. Ulmer was criticized for the failure of the rebellion and its intended sequel. He worked in Athens from 1952 to 1955 and in Paris from 1958 to 1962. Ulmer later went into business in London.

Ulmer and his wife, Doris, are briefly mentioned in the 1994 memoirs of Barbara Bush, the wife of former president George Herbert Walker Bush.

### Awards

Intelligence Medal of Merit

- Wikipedia

### Spartucus

https://spartacus-educational.com/JFKulmer.htm

Alfred Ulmer was born in Jacksonville, Florida on May, 1917. Ulmer graduated from Princeton University in 1939 and joined the US Navy as an intelligence officer during the Second World War. In 1945 he was transferred to the Office of Strategic Services (OSS) and was involved in gathering information in Turkey, Egypt, Italy and Austria.

After the war Ulmer became head of the Strategic Services Unit (SSU) in Austria. In January 1946, a new National Intelligence Authority was established along with a small Central Intelligence Group. On 2nd April the SSU was transferred to the new group as the Office of Special Operations.

In 1947 Ulmer joined the Central Intelligence Agency. He was stationed in Madrid, Athens and Paris. According to Russ Baker: "Ulmer was running things in Greece during the country's vicious civil war, the Athens CIA station was also in charge of most Middle East operations and anti-Soviet-bloc efforts in Yugoslavia."

Ulmer was then based in Washington before running the agency's Far East operations (1955-1958). Ulmer traveled to Taiwan soon after his appointment. He later recalled: "We were dropping Chinese agents into China - two a month - but we weren't getting much." Ulmer quoted Desmond FitzGerald as saying that he "had no use for the Chinese Nationalists... and wanted out."

According to Evan Thomas, the author of The Very Best Men (1995), Ulmer had a meeting with Frank Wisner, the head of the Office of Policy Coordination (OPC), the espionage and counter-intelligence branch of the CIA, in 1956, to discuss what they could do if revolution broke out behind the Iron Curtain. After the meeting Wisner told Richard Bissell that they agree to send in "lots of arms" to those resisting the communists. As Ulmer later pointed out: "We went all over the world and we did what we wanted."

Ulmer's main task was to try and overthrow President Sukarno of Indonesia.The CIA spent a million dollars to try to influence the Indonesian elections in 1955, but much of the money was wasted or stolen and Sukarno became stronger, while the Communist Party polled six million votes. Frank Wisner told Ulmer that "I think it's time we held Sukarno's feet to the fire." Allen Dulles agreed and told Ulmer he would be "given $10 million to back a revolution in the Indonesian archipelago."

In 1956 the CIA began supporting the PRRI-Permesta rebellion in Sulawesi. This ended in failure and President Sukarno became even stronger. The following year the CIA arranged for arms to be supplied to rebels on the island of Sumatra. In February 1958, the rebels felt strong enough to declare the island independent. Within days "Sukarno's navy blockaded the rebels, his air force raided them, and his army began to move on Sumatra". The CIA sent in paramilitary expert Anthony Poshepny to Sumatra.

On 18th May 1958, Allen Lawrence Pope, one of the CIA pilots, was shot down in his B-26 after accidentally bombing a church and killing most of the congregation. Allen Dulles decided to call off the operation. Thomas Powers, the author of The Man Who Kept The Secrets (1979): "The result, of course, was a humiliation for the United States, but it was a

quiet humiliation. The Indonesians knew who had been behind the rebels, of course, but they elected to treat the matter calmly... and the American press somehow never got wind of the CIA's role."

Richard Helms asked Sam Halpern to investigate why the operation failed. Ulmer told Halpern that "the rebels were given plenty of rquipment, but they had little stomach for fighting." Halpern reported back to Helms that "everything that could have gone wrong with a paramilitary operation, had gone wrong with this one." The result was that Ulmer lost his job as head of the CIA's Far East operations.

*Ulmer retired in in 1962 and received the agency's Intelligence Medal of Merit. Later that year President Sukarno threatened to invade Netherlands New Guinea that he felt believed belonged to Indonesia. On 15th August, 1962, he ordered full mobilisation of his army. Willem Oltmans claimed to have prevented a Dutch war against Indonesia over New Guinea by sending a memo to President John F. Kennedy. Whatever the truth of this statement, Kennedy, against CIA advice, applied pressure on the Dutch government to hand over the territory to a temporary UN administration (UNTEA). On May 1, 1963, Indonesia took control of the country.*

Russ Baker suggests in his book Family of Secrets (2009), that Ulmer visited George H. W. Bush in Texas a few days before President John F. Kennedy was assassinated in Dallas after Ulmer himself had returned from London. - https://spartacus-educational.com/JFKulmer.htm

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government record of his presence in Tyler and his plan to go to Dallas later on the 22nd. Once Parrott had served, however unwittingly, his purpose, there was no reason for him to suffer-hence, Reynolds's visit to Parrott's house around the time of the assassination, which effectively created an alibi clearing Parrott. In other words, no harm done.

As for the reference to the Ulmers in Barbara's letter, why risk introducing so controversial a person? Like Bush's use of Joe Zeppa's plane, it helped establish that Bush had in fact spent time with Al Ulmer. Better to include Ulmer's wife's name (but not his) and Zeppa's name (misspelled) so that should a rare hardy investigator bother to figure out the sequence of events, Bush could claim that he obviously had nothing to hide-after all, there it was (in a way) in Barbara's letter.

In fact, Poppy Bush had good reason to obfuscate the details of his relationships and his conduct because they would, at minimum, lead to further inquiry at a time when an investigation into the death of a president was-or should have been-open-ended. The secrets themselves, and the urgency of keeping them hidden, would become a principal rationale in the family's political efforts. And, as we shall see, they go a long way toward explaining the unprecedented information lockdown and seeming paranoia of the George W. Bush administration-whose earliest acts included an effort to put his father's records under lock and key forever.

**https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Family_of_Secrets**

**Chapter 6: The Hit**

The evidence was mounting that Poppy Bush was not the genial bumbler the public remembered-the bland fellow in the turtleneck who drove a golf cart around Kennebunkport and could never make up his mind.

Apparently Poppy had secrets, and he kept them well. It seems that he had been involved in intelligence work for much of his adult life. He had been in and around hot spots of covert action. And in the fall of 1963, he had for some unfathomable reason been worried that someone would discover he had been in Dallas on the evening of November 21 and seemingly the morning of November 22, [1963]

As far as I knew, he had attended the oilmen's meeting and then left for Tyler. Why hide that fact?

One obvious reason is that no one with any political ambition would want to be associated in the public's mind with the events in Dallas on November 22, 1963. But in that case, what does it say about Poppy that his first instinct was to create an elaborate cover story to airbrush away an inconvenient fact?

It is theoretically possible, of course, that there was something totally apart from the assassination he didn't want known. But given his documented intelligence ties and the fact that figures close to him were connected to the event, the likelihood that his attempt to distance himself from Dallas on November 22 was unrelated to the tragedy of that day seems low.

In the absence of any plausible alternative explanation, I found the possibility that George H. W. Bush himself was somehow linked to the events in Dallas worth pursuing, as a working hypothesis at least. Among the material I had to consider was that memo from J. Edgar Hoover referring to a briefing given to "George Bush of the CIA" on the day after the assassination. I also had to take into account the visit from England that week by Al Ulmer, the CIA coup expert-and that Ulmer had spent time with Poppy. There were still more disturbing facts, perhaps all coincidental, which I gathered and which will be presented below and in the next chapter.

*Still, I was unsure how to proceed.* ***I was well aware of the perils of even touching the assassination topic****, and as a journalist with a reputation to protect, I naturally had reservations. I wasn't eager to be dismissed as gullible or self-aggrandizing or downright wacky-as I know so often happens to people (sometimes justifiably) who tackle such topics, unless they advance the conventional wisdom or simply point to the "unsolved mysteries" that haunt historians. But I knew I should not, and really could not, ignore what I was finding.*

***Family of Secrets*** is a book by Russ Baker. Published by Bloomsbury Press in 2008, it describes alleged connections between the Bush family and the Central Intelligence Agency. The book asserts that President George H. W. Bush was linked to the Watergate scandal and the assassination of John F. Kennedy. *Family of Secrets* was poorly received by critics. - https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Family_of_Secrets

## The book's allegations

Baker was reportedly drawn to John F. Kennedy assassination conspiracy theories after discovering a report that George H. W. Bush could not remember where he was on November 22, 1963.

In the book he levels various charges of corruption at the Bush family, whom he ties into the entry of the United States into World War II, the formation of the CIA, the assassination of John F. Kennedy and the Watergate scandal.

According to Baker, the first President Bush became an intelligence agent in his teenage years and was later at the center of a plot to assassinate Kennedy that included his father, Prescott Bush, Vice President Lyndon B. Johnson, CIA

Director Allen Dulles, Cuban and Russian exiles and emigrants, and various Texas oilmen. He also names Bob Woodward of *The Washington Post* as an intelligence agent who conspired with John Dean to remove President Richard Nixon from office for opposing the oil depletion allowance.

The book observes that when George H.W. Bush was at Phillips Academy his roommate was the nephew of George de Mohrenschildt, and that in later years, Bush and De Mohrenschildt fraternized in Dallas. In 1962, de Mohrenschildt befriended Lee Harvey Oswald. Baker also makes a connection between the Bushes and the Watergate scandal. He describes Watergate "not as a ham-handed act of political espionage but as a carefully orchestrated farce designed to take down President Richard Nixon".

### Quotations and the Bush family role in the Indonesia plan while Nixon was V.P. under Eisenhower

In many respects, Bobby became the lightning rod for the hostility that Jack deflected with his charm. Bobby did not shrink from the role of enforcer. For as long as Jack remained president-and in 1963 a second term seemed likely-Bobby would have the sheriff's badge. And even worse was the prospect that the Kennedys could become a dynasty. After Jack there might be Bobby; and after Bobby, Ted. It was not an appealing prospect to the Bushes and their circle; and it is only stating the obvious to observe that this was not a group to suffer setbacks with a fatalistic shrug.

The Kennedy administration struck at the heart of the Southern establishment's growing wealth and power. Not only did it attack the oil depletion allowance, but its support of the civil rights movement threatened to undermine the cheap labor that supported Southern industry. Yet in the space of five years, Jack and Bobby Kennedy were dead, and the prospect of a Kennedy political dynasty had been snuffed out. Instead, within a dozen years of Bobby Kennedy's assassination, a new conservative dynasty was beginning to emerge: the House of Bush.

That the president of the United States, not to mention a senator and presidential candidate, could be assassinated by domestic enemies does not sit easily in the American mind. We want to believe in our institutions and in the order they embody. It is unnerving to even consider the possibility that the most powerful among us might deem themselves exempt from the rules in such a fundamental way.

Yet, the leaders of these same institutions have frequently seen nothing wrong with assassinating leaders in other countries, even democratically elected ones. The CIA condoned, connived at, or indeed took an active role in assassination plots and coups against figures as varied as Guatemala's Arbenz, the Dominican Republic's Trujillo, Congo's Lumumba, Chile's Allende, Cuba's Castro, Indonesia's Sukarno, Iran's Mossadegh, and Vietnam's Diem. Is it that difficult to believe that those who viewed assassination as a policy tool would use it at home, where the sense of grievance and the threat to their interests was even greater?

One of the assassination enthusiasts, at least where foreign leaders were concerned, was George McGhee, who served the State Department in two places ruled by leaders who became targets: Patrice Lumumba and Rafael Trujillo. As the Washington Post wrote in McGhee's obituary: "In the early 1960s, as undersecretary for political affairs, Dr. McGhee was dispatched to Congo and the Dominican Republic when the instability of civil wars and unaccountable governments threatened to destabilize the peace."

Some years before McGhee's death, a JFK assassination researcher asked him in writing if he had had a role in Trujillo's death. McGhee wrote back that while he had not, the assassination "was not a problem for me."

Freeport's largest mine was and is in Indonesia-and Freeport is closely identified with the CIA-backed coup that brought the dictator Suharto to power in 1965. Efforts to topple his predecessor, the nationalist Sukarno, were the province of Alfred C. Ulmer, the Allen Dulles confidant who, as noted in chapter 4, visited Poppy Bush in Texas the week of the JFK assassination.

Other Freeport board members have included Henry Kissinger and Admiral rleigh Burke, chief of naval operations under Ike and JFK. Burke was an ardent advocate in National Security Council meetings for the assassination not just of Fidel Castro but also of others in the Cuban leadership as a package deal "21 JFK, just prior to his death, was taking policy stances on Indonesia inimical to the interests of Freeport.

George McGhee represented, to a unique degree, the ongoing influence that the oil industry has had on the White House, irrespective of the occupant. They were also allies of the Bushes. In addition to his consulting firm DeGolyer-MacNaughton, DeGolyer founded Geophysical Service Inc., which later became Texas Instruments, and was a pioneer in technologies that became central to the industry, such as aerial exploration and the use of seismographic equipment in prospecting. His career spanned the terms of eight American presidents, many of whom he knew; he was also on close terms with many Anglo-European oil figures and leaders of the Arab world. He sat on the board of Dresser Industries for many years, and, as we shall see in chapter 13, played a central role in cementing the U.S.-Saudi oil relationship. Until he died in 1956, DeGolyer was the man you went to if you wanted to get into the oil and gas game. The intelligence agencies sought him out as well.

DeGolyer's son-in-law, the husky and voluble George McGhee, was the son of a bank president from Waco, with a career trajectory similar to Poppy Bush's: Phi Beta Kappa, Rhodes scholarship (offered but not accepted in Poppy's case), and naval service in the Pacific, followed by work in Washington on the War Production Board. McGhee also sat on the board of James and William Buckley's family firm, Pantepec Oil, which employed George de Mohrenschildt, whom McGhee knew personally. Both McGhee and de Mohrenschildt were active in Neil Mallon's Dallas Council on World Affairs. After the war, McGhee served as assistant secretary of state for Near East affairs.

"The Middle East had the one greatest capacity of oil in the world and was extremely valuable," McGhee said in an oral history interview. "When I was assistant secretary of state, I dealt with this issue."

In 1951 he spent eighty hours at the bedside of Iran's prime minister Mohammed Mossadegh in an attempt to mediate the terms of leadership for the Anglo-Iranian Oil Company. Two years after their unsuccessful talks, Mossadegh was overthrown in a CIA-led coup. Time and again, McGhee "was on the front lines in the early crises that defined the Cold War," according to Daniel Yergin, author of The Prize: The Epic Quest for Oil, Money and Power.

McGhee became a protégé of Senator Lyndon B. Johnson, even serving in 1959 as chairman of the Dallas County LBJ for President Club. When LBJ became vice president, he oversaw McGhee's appointment as undersecretary of state for political affairs. McGhee's elevation to one of the top posts in the State Department particularly annoyed Robert Kennedy, who managed to get him reassigned as ambassador to West Germany. McGhee "was useless," said RFK. "In every conversation you had with him, you couldn't possibly understand what he was saying." Needless to say, McGhee did not become a member of the Bobby Kennedy fan club.

Although there were numerous Doris Ulmers in the United States at the time, only one matches the description of an old friend who had helped Poppy when Poppy visited Greece, and who was in 1963 a resident of London: Mrs. Alfred C. Ulmer Jr.

Al Ulmer is sometimes described as having filled the positions of "at- taché" and "first secretary" at the U.S. embassy in Athens from the late forties through the mid fifties. Yet a memorial tribute to him in the alumni publication of his alma mater, Princeton, scores higher on the candor meter, describing his life in the war time OSS and the CIAP Ulmer was a good friend and confidant of CIA director Allen Dulles.2Q He embodied the attitude that nobody could tell the CIA what to do-nobody: "We went all over the world and we did what we wanted," Ulmer later recalled. "God, we had fun "21 He also managed coups.

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## Edward Donegan Fletcher Prouty St John Hunt expose press Figures and Events in History (Chapter)

view-source:file:///C:/Users/eddonegan/OneDrive/Documents/AlistBooks/Book%20Internals/GreatTreason/McMartinAndFranklin.html

The Major Figures of History and Events of History now until now unanswered now explained by the last Donegan coming forward and interconnecting the still open questions of history. I am the last living Donegan from family of origin with a background as covert at the E. Howard Hunt and other families though still unknown.

It is an Internet truth that George H.W. Bush was photographed at the Dal-Tex building near the JFK assassination, the E. Howard Hunt, Chauncey Marvin Holt, and others have credibly confessed to the train yard area assassination of JKF, and Charles Harrelson (and Chauncey Marvin Holt as well) have been clearly facially identified at the scene of the assassination by expert Lois Gibson.

The Dal-Tex Building is a seven-story office building located at 501 Elm Street in the West End Historic District of downtown Dallas, Texas, United States. The building is located on the northeast corner of Elm and North Houston streets, across the street from the Texas School Book Depository in Dealey Plaza, the scene of the assassination of U.S. President John F. Kennedy on November 22, 1963. The Dal-Tex Building, sometimes called the Dallas-Textiles Building, the Dal-Tex Market Building, or the Dal-Tex Mart Building, was a center of the textile business in Dallas. - Wikipedia

**WHO IS LOIS GIBSON?**

Lois Gibson is recorded in The Guinness Book of World Records as 'The World's Most Successful Forensic Artist." Her sketches have helped law enforcement identify more than 751 criminals. She is a graduate of the University of Texas at Austin with a Bachelor of Fine Arts with Honors and the FBI Academy Forensic Artist Course.

Her near-death experience as the victim of a serial rapist/killer fuels her passion for catching criminals She has received numerous awards for stopping violent offenders and getting justice for innocent victims.

Recording exist of both Charles Harrelson and E. Howard Hunt exist of their confession to the assignation of JFK. As for Harrelson it was am undercover activity of taping him while in custody and ALSO during a shootout with law enforcement.

In addition to being fingered by Lois Gibson Charles Harrelson was by his Dealy Plaza cohort Chauncey Holt in his book and on a TV interview. "Charles Harrelson's dad killed JKF and I gave him the gun!" ran headline i a paper shown in Holt's book. Holt was the accountant and buyer for Myers Lansky mostly working in Florida until they moved to the Bermuda Dunes and Grace Ranch area. They were tied to Cuban orgies, drug trafficking, and lotteries and casinos. Harrelson's business card restored in my book THe Great Treason says he was a mobster hit man killing casino debtors, rats, and if needed hired by the Government to fight against comuist insurgencies as a mafia hit man.

In addition to evidence of his guilt in being part the Railroad Yard team of assassins Harrelson was convicted for a later and similar crime, the assasination of a Texas judge for the Mafia as a contract hitman for which he was convicted.

The section of Holt's book going into detail as Jack Moon (cover identity) for buying and selling arms that names Harrelson is in the area of Coup De Tat and the overthrow of the Kennedy administration who was tying to stop the mafia by the mafia. Think of George H.W. Bush and Operation Zapata as exactly those activities LBJ confessed to days before his own death, what LBJ and Nixon had been doing with Murder Inc., mafi in the Caribbean and against Cuba.

US AID and CIA Operations researcher Wayne Madsen has culled through endless CIA files and primary source material as has the experts from Spartacus Educational and it appears on oil business and Philip Twombly - Richard Nixon tied CIA MK-ULTRA Marshall Program for shaping Post WWII global outlook were part of Indonesia, Guatemala, and other plans. Lyndon B. Johnson and Richard Nixon served in Indonesia, the "Cuba" to Australia, and were part of planning since the 1950's to gain influential CIA assets in that country and introduce some future leaders at a very young age, Barrack Obama Jr. one of those leaders, his mother Stanley Ann Dunham also a CIA Agent of Influence for Indonesia.

**Extending the peninsulas of India and China throughout the Pacific Ocean and Across it to the shores of Sydney.**

**Family of Secret by Russ Baker Chapter 4 Where was Poppy? [at Dealy Plaza near the Dal Tex building]**

**Gold Busters!**

Being in the Philippines at the close of World War II was a golden opportunity-literally as well as figuratively. The Philippines were chockfull of gold. There was gold in the mines, and rumor had it, there was gold being hoarded.

Even before Douglas MacArthur commanded U.S. troops in the country, he had major holdings in the largest Philippine gold mine. MacArthur's staff offcer, Major General Courtney Whitney, had been an executive of several gold mining companies before the war.

Besides the indigenous gold, a great fortune in gold booty was rumored to be buried in the Philippines, seized by the Japanese as they plundered one East Asian country after another. Marcos's widow, the famously extravagant Imelda, has claimed that her husband and his buddies got hold of this so-called Yamashita treasure. Several journalists, who have spent combined decades on the Philippines gold story, assert that the cache was actually seized by American forces under MacArthur and that its very existence is a sensitive secret. One reason is that knowledge of this gold could cause world gold prices to plunge and wreak havoc with currency markets. Estimates of the cache vary from forty-five billion dollars to hundreds of billions.

This may help to explain why so many of the companies mentioned in this book seem able to function in apparent defiance of economic logic. Entities such as Zapata Offshore, Stratford, Arbusto, and Harken appear to persist without profits for great stretches. To the trained eye, they look like classic money-laundering ventures, raising the question of where all that money originates. And that leads in turn to another explanation proffered about the Philippine gold: that it has been used-and perhaps is still being used-to fund unauthorized covert operations. This would not preclude a variety of funding sources, ranging from oil concessions to profits generated by the "legitimate" side of airlines and other enterprises. But it is hard to top gold as a negotiable mineral.

Authors Sterling Seagrave and Peggy Seagrave contend that former CIA deputy director Ray Cline told them that the United States did locate the Japanese gold and used it to fund anti-Communist operations the world over-22 Investigators in the Philippines have said that the gold was stashed in bank vaults in forty-two countries. Some of the money is believed to have been used in Japan, to quickly reestablish the ruling clique, and a pro-U.S. ruling party, the Liberal Democratic Party; MacArthur oversaw the postwar occupation of Japan. The administrator of the so-called M-2 slush fund that secretly channeled these monies to Tokyo was none other than Poppy Bush friend and *CIA officer Alfred C. Ulmer*. The Seagraves cast the Pacific gold operation as an offshoot of a secret program that began in Europe after the war. The key figures will be familiar to readers of this book.

Probably the key figure in all this was Edward Lansdale, who, according to the Seagraves, was the point man for the gold operation. Lansdale was almost larger than life, a figure deeply involved with high-stakes covert operations for many presidents. He was said to be an inspiration for the popular novel The Ugly American. New York Times Pulitzer Prize-winner Tim Weiner writes of Lansdale: "His specialty was counterinsurgency, and his trademark was winning third-world hearts and minds with American ingenuity, greenback dollars, and snake oil."

This much is clear: Lansdale helped direct counterinsurgency operations in the Philippines in the 1950s. He was prominent in counterinsurgency meetings in the Kennedy White House, in which Averell Harriman, Prescott Bush's friend and business partner, was an ardent advocate of such activities. Lansdale was also the titular head of Operation Mongoose, the part-CIA, part-Pentagon project to assassinate Cuban leaders, as well as a top figure in counterinsurgency operations in Vietnam." If indeed Lansdale was involved with gold operations in the Philippines, then the gold operations were of paramount importance in the larger cold war battle.

**JFK VS. ALLEN DULLES: BATTLEGROUND INDONESIA**

Two of the most fascinating figures in history, John F. Kennedy, thirty-fifth president of the United States, and Allen Dulles, our nation’s longest-serving CIA director, often clashed over intelligence issues and national security. However, one such conflict has remained in the shadows until now. JFK vs. Allen Dulles: Battleground Indonesia takes reader to the vast archipelago 3350 miles wide where this secret showdown occurred.

In 1936, an Allen Dulles-established company discovered the world's largest gold deposit in remote Netherlands New Guinea. In 1962, President Kennedy intervened, and Netherlands New Guinea was added to President Sukarno's Indonesia. Neither Sukarno nor JFK was aware of the gold, since Dulles had not informed Kennedy. - Publisher

The Robber Barrons under Allen Dulles had plans to take Indonesia and this is the CIA plan JFK opposed to and was assasinated over. Author Dr. Greg Poulgrain has a well researched leading work this and each page of the books should be studied and can not be refuted. - Ed Donegan

**INDONESIA 1958: NIXON, THE CIA, AND THE SECRET WAR BY L. FLETCHER PROUTY**

In the Pentagon there are thousands of nondescript offices in which all sorts of tasks are done. One of these unobtrusive offices was an Air Force Plans Division office. One day in 1958 two men from the CIA entered that office. After being identified they were permitted entrance to an interior office that was the "Focal Point" office for all

U.S. Air Force Support of the clandestine operations of the CIA. I had established that office in 1955 on orders from Gen. Thomas D. White, then Chief of Staff of the Air Force. *This came about after several meetings with Allen W. Dulles, the Director of Central Intelligence, and others. When the CIA men entered that office in 1958, I was still in charge.*

The agents outlined the Indonesian Plan, the Philippine support and training program, and told me about their own special operations staff that had been put together specifically for this vast project. Then they urgently requested light bombardment aircraft and long-range transport aircraft. We decided to take a number of twin engine B-26 aircraft out of mothball storage, put them through a retrofit line, and modify them so that they could be armed with a special 50-caliber machine gun package of eight guns, in the nose of the plane. This would give the B-26 more firepower than it ever had during the Korean War or World War II. The project was given top priority and covered in deep secrecy. Programs for pilot training and the recruitment of "mercenaries" were established. - Col Prouty and his personal involment under V.P. Nixon for the plan

**THE STORY OF OBAMA: ALL IN THE COMPANY (PART 1 AND PART II)**

President Obama's own work in 1983 for Business International Corporation, a CIA front that conducted seminars with the world's most powerful leaders and used journalists as agents abroad, dovetails with CIA espionage activities conducted by his mother, Stanley Ann Dunham in 1960s post-coup Indonesia on behalf of a number of CIA front operations, including the East-West Center at the University of Hawaii, the U.S. Agency for International Development (USAID), and the Ford Foundation. Dunham met and married Lolo Soetoro, Obama's stepfather, at the East-West Center in 1965. Soetoro was recalled to Indonesia in 1965 to serve as a senior army officer and assist General Suharto and the CIA in the bloody overthrow of President Sukarno.

Barack Obama, Sr., who met Dunham in 1959 in a Russian language class at the University of Hawaii, had been part of what was described as an airlift of 280 East African students to the United States to attend various colleges - merely "aided" by a grant from the Joseph P. Kennedy Foundation, according to a September 12, 1960, Reuters report from London. The airlift was a CIA operation to train and indoctrinate future agents of influence in Africa, which was becoming a battleground between the United States and the Soviet Union and China for influence among newly-independent and soon-to-be independent countries on the continent.

**THE ED DONEGAN STORY AND HIDDEN IDENTITIES AND COVERT FAMILIES OF LOS ANGELES COUNTY SURROUND PETER LAWFORD AND BRITISH INTELLIGENCE OPERATIONS FOR INDONESIA**

My book series show the Donegan's were pressured and in some ways offered (my mother had many miscarriages) experimental IVF however more than one egg was fertilized and were part of surrogacy the delivered a sleeper agent - Barrack Obama Jr. that "late November night." November 18,1961 with JFK present and me Ed Donegan born on that day at Inglewood hosptial, home of the P-51 and Paul Schrade.

My mother Glorian Donegan (how had lived under a hidden identity) had the problems of FOXP2. She spent her life vomiting from trying to eat a condition I inherited (like other symptoms of FOXP2) turned to be a dry throat condition. Her genome was used for a research surrogacy as well, and I believe this was in White House photos the (pardon the indiscretion) the "research monkey" who had one half her genome. My book goes into an artifact in that photo of Donald Barr and an item in the Donegan home Honey Bee might be able to remember if located.

**GUNS OF DALLAS BY PROUTY WHO I ED DONEGAN KNEW AS CHILD**

As we prepare now to celebrate the beginning of the third century of the founding of this country, we wonder if we live in the land of the free. We wonder if at least we still have a government of the people and by the people. Certainly, it is no longer a government for the people. The sound throughout the land is ugly: there is frustration, hate, and fear. We must act while there may still be time.

There is a grave conspiracy over the land. The people have come alive because of Vietnam and Watergate; but they have scarcely scratched the surface. A President and a Vice-President have been forced to resign. A President has been shot to death. Two Presidential candidates have been shot, one of them killed. Many of the President's men have been forced to leave, some have gone to jail; others are still under indictment.

, history has been made by a series of murders, but not enough has been done to solve them. The trial of Watergate was the trial of the cover-up. There has been no trial about the real crime of Watergate. There has been no trial of the big power behind Watergate. The Hunts, Liddys, McCords, and the Cubans were not drawn into that drama solely for their own interests. They were working for someone much higher up. They were all pawns, just like Nixon was. This is a game for the biggest stake of all-absolute control of the government of the United States of America; and, with control of this government, control of the world. And yet the real crime underlying all of this has not even been identified, stated, and charged. The real criminals still walk the streets, run their corporations, control their banks, and pull strings throughout their political and financial machines.

This control mechanism did not start in 1972 with Watergate. It began, in a tentative way, in the Korean War era, when the military and the executive branch found out how easy it was to fool the Congress and the American public. And with that recognition, power-hungry and money-mad industrialists began to usurp more and more power. And when those rifles crackled over Dealey Plaza, in Dallas, Texas on November 22, 1963 and John F. Kennedy's brain was splattered across the road, they had made their move into the big time. They took over control of the President and of the Presidency. The man they had killed was no longer a problem and they had made certain that his successor, Lyndon Johnson, heard and remembered the sound of those guns. It is the sound of those guns in Dallas, and their ever-present threat, which is the real mechanism of control over the American government.

It is possible now to reconstruct the scenario of that day, and, with new information, to show why the murder of JFK may properly be called the "Crime of the Century." If we the people of the United States do not demand its resolution this year, it will stand in the way of a free election in 1976. It will doom a third century of democratic government in this country.

Almost everyone who has taken the time to do any reading and thinking about that crime knows by now that John Kennedy was killed not by a lone assassin, but by a group of hired "mechanics." Let's look at some of the hard facts of this murder and put to rest once and for all the "cover-up" report of the Warren Commission. The Guns of Dallas

Leroy Fletcher Prouty Junior Soldier author 1917 - 2001

It is appropriate that Fletcher Prouty will best be remembered as the model for Colonel X, played by Donald Southerland in Oliver Stone’s film JFK.

Prouty, who believed the assassination of President John F. Kennedy was a coup d’etat perpetrated by be elements of the Unites States military and intelligence communities, was a career military man who spent a decade liasing between the Pentagon and the CIA. After leaving the US Air Force be became an outspoken critic of the intelligence establishment, although by the time JFK was filmed, he had been relegated to the fringes.

When asked why he did not use Prouty’s name in the film, Stone said: “Because the man does not want to be known.” Yet his identity was common knowledge. It seemed that the shadowy image of the figure Southerland portrayed, instructing the naïve Jim Garrison (Kevn Costner), was one Prouty was proud to fit. As a young man in Massachusetts, his ambition to become a singer was interrupted by WWII. He served as an Army Tank commander and then as a transport pilot.

In 1955 he was assigned to coordinate operations between the Air Force and CIA, and remained in intelligence until retiring in 1964 to join an aircraft company. He later worked in banking and public relations, while writing on intelligence topics and assassination.

His 1973 book, The Secret Team, was reviewed seriously. In it, Prouty called the CIA and the Cold War, a cover story, which had allowed elements of the military and, intelligence communities, to work on behalf of interests of "high cabal" and of industrialists and bankers. It found a ready audience in the atmosphere of Watergate and the Pentagon Papers and in light of Iran-Contra and CIA drug-running controversies, many of its revelations have been confirmed.

A mass-market paperback was published by Ballantine in 1974, but the book immediately became hard to find. Prouty believed it was "disappeared"; at any rate, copies remain collectors items.

After that, his writing became increasingly marginalized. He continued to develop links between secret team [of Eastern Elites Eastern J.P. Morgan tied Walker family tied banking elements in the US Government] and the assassination, characterizing the events in Dallas as a way of thwarting JKF's plans to take control of the CIA after the Bay of Pigs fiasco.

General Edward Lansdale was in charge of Operation Mongoose, aimed at overthrowing Fidel Castro. As General Y in JFK, he assigns Prouty to a South Pole trip to remove him from the Pentagon at the time of the assassination. Prouty later claimed that Lansdale was in Dallas on the Kennedy was killed. "He was there like the orchestra leader, coordinating things," he said.

[General Edward Lansdale had been working for CD Douglas of CIA overthrows since the 1950's in Latin American elsewhere as Eisenhower library documents reveal. Lansdale and Prouty worked that function together in the Pentagon Office of Special Operations, a fore-runner to the Defense Intelligence Agency that Prouty created at the request of JFK. The absence of Lansdale in the office shared with Prouty may have been noticed by Prouty but for Prouty also being absent at the same time. Lansdale and Prouty were close as coworkers living near each other, using the same local bank in D.C., etc., and easily recognized each other. Prouty met with Allen Dulles in the home of Allen Dulles and other locations as MK-Ultra overthrows were being planned out on behalf of NSC Chair Vice President Nixon.]

Like other assassination critics, he found an outlet via the Liberty Lobby, a far-Right organization with ties to Holocaust deniers. Although Prouty himself never espoused such beliefs, thke connection enabled critics to dismiss his later writing.

He remained active, via his own web site, until death from organ failure. He is survived by his wife and three children.

Micheal Carlson The Guardian London.

In The Manufacturing of a President (Barrack Obama Jr.) by Wayne Madsen note that by 1960 the plans were already far advanced started in the 1950's. JFK would not be sworn into office until January 20, 1961 and inherited this and other plans he later tried to stop.

By Wayne Madsen https://waynemadsenreport.com

President Obama's grandmother, Madelyn Payne Dunham, the woman who actually raised the future President of the United States, served as the vice president and chief escrow account officer for the bank of Hawaii at an interesting time for the CIA's murky operations in the 50th state. Dunham retired from the Bank of Hawaii in 1986 but not before a massive financial network was exposed in 1983 as a result of the financial failure and Internal Revenue Service investigation of a major CIA proprietary headquartered in Honolulu, Bishop, Baldwin, Rewald, Dillingham and Wong (BBRDW), the Bishop being a member of one of Hawaii's landed gentry families and one that both Madelyn Dunham and her husband Stanley, as well as their daughter, Stanley Ann, had past interactions.

New York businessman Charles Reed Bishop married Bernice Pauahi Paki of the royal House of Kamehameha in 1850. Their descendants would play a major role in Hawaii to the present day. Charles Bishop, through the Bishop Trust, built a number of buildings at the elite Punahou School, where Obama attended. The Bishop Trust also funded the Bishop Museum for whom Obama's mother briefly worked as a Javanese history specialist.

For an agency that disavowed any connection to BBRDW, the CIA curiously maintains detailed files on the failed corporation that was involved, according to the editor's book, The Manufacturing of a President, in making pay-offs to Asian dictators who were allies of the United States. These payments were made via the escrow accounts overseen at the Bank of Hawaii by Obama's grandmother.

Among the CIA files is an obscure article on BBRDW written by John Kelly for the June-August 1984 issue of CounterSpy, a now-defunct magazine. BBRDW was an investment advisory firm on the surface but underneath its charade, it was a facilitator for various CIA clandestine operations.

Although the CIA vehemently denied that BBRDW belonged to them, One of the company's consultants and investors was John "Jack" Kindschi, the former CIA station chief in Hawaii who previously served in clandestine positions in Stockholm and Mexico City. More interesting, Kindschi's cover in Mexico City was the Robert Mullin Company, a public relations firm that employed one E. Howard Hunt, who would later emerge as one of conspirators in the assassination of President John F. Kennedy.

Kindschi would most certainly have been known to Office of Strategic Services (OSS) and CIA veterans Stanley and Madelyn Dunham who arrived in Hawaii from Seattle just as Hawaii became a state in 1960.

The CIA had cleverly provided Stanley cover as a "furniture salesman." In fact, Pratt Furniture of Honolulu, Dunham's alleged employer, never existed save for a filing in the business records held by the State of Hawaii.

BBRDW founder Ron Rewald, CIA code name "WINTERDOG" and "R," attempted to commit suicide in a room at the Waikiki Sheraton in 1983, after BBRDW's financial collapse, the CIA's "plausible denial" machine went into full gear. CIA general counsel Robert Laprade stated in a sworn statement:

"the CIA did not cause Bishop, Baldwin, Rewald, Dillingham &Nixon and W. Averell Harriman post WWII planning lead the JFK death led by these powerful figures of MK-ULTRA who worked through James Jesus Angleton and others for illegal CIA works.

In 1975, Richard Welch, the CIA's station chief in Athens, Greece, was assassinated by the terrorist group 17 November. This event marked the first time a CIA station chief had been murdered in a politically motivated assassination, according to The Providence Journal. Welch was shot outside his home after returning from a Christmas party. I believe Greece may have had files on the Windsors and Prince Phillip of Greece marrying the Queen Elizabeth II. Elizibeth II was born to King George VI (Prince Albert brother of Edward). Coming into power in the start of the Cold War she and Prince Phillip of Greece knew of and participated in the CIA and British Secret Service operations of the Cold War through Bermuda islands of Duke Edward and the CIA at The Dunes in the sands hotels area.

Prince Philip, Duke of Edinburgh (born Prince Philip of Greece and Denmark,[1] later Philip Mountbatten; 10 June 1921[fn 1] - 9 April 2021), was the husband of Queen Elizabeth II. As such, he was the consort of the British monarch from his wife's accession on 6 February 1952 until his death in 2021, making him the longest-serving royal consort in history.

Philip was born in Greece into the Greek and Danish royal families; his family was exiled from the country when he was eighteen months old. After being educated in France, Germany, and the United Kingdom, he joined the Royal Navy in 1939, when he was 18 years old. In July 1939, Philip began corresponding with the 13-year-old Princess Elizabeth, the elder daughter and heir presumptive of King George VI. During the Second World War, he served with distinction in the British Mediterranean and Pacific fleets.

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